## Diagnoses of Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV) Infection, by Year, Maine 2002-2011

| Year | Both Sexes |                  | Male   |                  | Female |                  |
|------|------------|------------------|--------|------------------|--------|------------------|
|      | Number     | Rate per 100,000 | Number | Rate per 100,000 | Number | Rate per 100,000 |
| 2002 | 39         | 3.0              | 32     | 5.1              | 7      | 1.1              |
| 2003 | 55         | 4.2              | 49     | 7.7              | 6      | 0.9              |
| 2004 | 46         | 3.5              | 39     | 6.1              | 7      | 1.0              |
| 2005 | 59         | 4.5              | 49     | 7.6              | 10     | 1.5              |
| 2006 | 68         | 5.1              | 58     | 9.0              | 10     | 1.5              |
| 2007 | 63         | 4.8              | 56     | 8.7              | 7      | 1.0              |
| 2008 | 46         | 3.5              | 39     | 6.1              | 7      | 1.0              |
| 2009 | 56         | 4.2              | 42     | 6.5              | 14     | 2.1              |
| 2010 | 59         | 4.4              | 49     | 7.5              | 10     | 1.5              |
| 2011 | 54         | 4.1              | 43     | 6.6              | 11     | 1.6              |

Data Source: Electronic HIV/AIDS Reporting System (eHARS) data

Rate = number of cases per 100,000 population using the corresponding year census estimate as the denominator.

US sex-specific rates do not include 23 children under the age of 13 and 11 adults and adolescents of unknown gender.

NA = not available. Denominators are not available to calculate rates for HIV transmission risk factors